

New §371 Application  
Based on PCT/EP00/08129  
Filed February 20, 2002  
Markl, et al.

-15-

SUMMARY

The abstract and claims were amended to conform to standard U.S. practice. The application is believed to be in condition for allowance. An early notice to that effect is earnestly solicited.

A filing fee is enclosed based on the number of independent and dependent claims in the application after entry of this Preliminary Amendment. No further fee or petition is believed to be necessary. However, should any further fee be needed, please charge our Deposit Account No. 23-0920, and deem this paper to be the required petition.

The Examiner is requested to phone the undersigned should any questions arise that can be dealt with over the phone to expedite this prosecution.

Respectfully submitted,

  
Shannon L. Nebolsky, Reg. ~~No. 41,217~~


PTO Customer # 24628  
WELSH & KATZ, LTD.  
120 South Riverside Plaza  
22nd Floor  
Chicago, Illinois 60606  
(312) 655-1500

New §371 Application  
Based on PCT/EP00/08129  
Filed February 20, 2002  
Markl, et al.

-16-

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING

I hereby certify that this Preliminary Amendment including clean and marked-up copies of the Amendments, together with a 371 application and its papers and fee, are being deposited with the United States Postal Service as Express Mail Label No. EL706574854US, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, Box PCT, Washington, D.C. 20231 on February 20, 2002.

  
James E. Cold

Preliminary Amendment -17-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

3. (Amended) Nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 ~~or 2~~, characterized in that the hybridization described under (b), (d) or (ii) is carried out under stringent conditions.

4. (Amended) Nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 ~~or 2~~, characterized in that the nucleic acid molecule described under (e) is at least 80% homologous to one of the nucleic acid sequences described under (a).

5. (Amended) Nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 ~~or 2~~, characterized in that the nucleic acid molecule described under (e) is at least 90 % homologous to one of the nucleic acid sequences described under (a).

6. (Amended) Nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 ~~or 2~~, characterized in that the nucleic acid molecule described under (e) is at least 95 % homologous to one of the nucleic acid sequences described under (a).

10. (Amended) Nucleic acid molecule according to ~~one of~~ claims 1 ~~to 9~~, characterized in that it is a deoxyribonucleic acid molecule.

~~11. Construct comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to one of claims 1 to 10.~~

12. (Amended) Construct according to claim ~~49~~~~11~~, further comprising a promoter which is suitable for expression control, the nucleic acid sequence which codes for a haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain or a functional fragment thereof being under the control of the promoter.

13. (Amended) Construct according to claim ~~11~~~~49~~ ~~or~~ ~~12~~, further comprising a nucleic acid sequence which codes for an antigen and is coupled directly to the nucleic acid sequence which codes for a haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain or a functional fragment thereof.

14. Construct according to claim 13, wherein the antigen is selected from: tumour antigens, virus antigens and antigens of bacterial or parasitic pathogens.

15. (Amended) Construct according to ~~one of~~ ~~claims~~ ~~11~~~~49~~ ~~to~~ ~~14~~, wherein the construct comprises at least a part of a vector, the vector being selected from: bacteriophages, adenoviruses, vaccinia viruses, baculoviruses, SV40 virus and retroviruses.

16. (Amended) Construct according to ~~one of~~ ~~claims~~ ~~11~~~~49~~ ~~to~~ ~~15~~, wherein the construct furthermore comprises a His tag-coding nucleic acid sequence and the expression of the construct leads to the formation of a fusion protein with a His tag.

17. (Amended) Host cell containing a construct according to ~~one of claims 11-19 to 15~~, wherein the host cell is a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell suitable for expression of the construct.

18. Host cell according to claim 17, characterized in that the prokaryotic host cell is selected from E. coli and Bacillus subtilis.

19. Host cell according to claim 17, characterized in that the eukaryotic host cell is selected from yeast cells, plant cells, insect cells and mammalian cells, preferably from CHO cells, COS cells and HeLa cells.

20. (Amended) Process for the preparation of a haemocyanin polypeptide, wherein the nucleic acid molecule according to ~~one of claims 1 to 10 and/or the a~~ construct according to ~~one of claims 11 to 16 comprising~~ said nucleic acid is expressed in a suitable host cell and the protein is isolated, if appropriate.

21. Process according to claim 20, characterized in that the haemocyanin polypeptide prepared is modified naturally or chemically.

22. Process according to claim 21, characterized in that the modification is a crosslinking or a covalent bonding to an antigen.

Preliminary Amendment -20-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

23. (Amended) Process according to ~~one of~~ claims 20  
~~to 22~~, characterized in that the expression is carried  
out in a host cell containing a construct comprising  
said nucleic acid molecule ~~according to one of claims 17~~  
~~to 19~~.

24. (Amended) Haemocyanin polypeptide, comprising an  
amino acid sequence which is coded by one or more of the  
nucleic acid molecules according to ~~one of~~ claims 1 ~~to~~  
~~10~~.

25. Haemocyanin polypeptide according to claim 24,  
comprising at least one amino acid sequence selected  
from the following group:

SEQ ID NO:25 (HtH1 domain a + signal peptide),  
SEQ ID NO:26 (HtH1 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:27 (HtH1 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:28 (HtH1 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:29 (HtH1 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:30 (HtH1 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:31 (HtH1 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:32 (HtH1 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:33 (partial HtH2 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:34 (HtH2 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:35 (HtH2 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:36 (HtH2 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:37 (HtH2 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:38 (HtH2 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:39 (HtH2 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:40 (partial KLH1 domain b),

Preliminary Amendment      -21-  
showing changes for  
\$ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

SEQ ID NO:41 (KLH1 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:42 (partial KLH1 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:43 (partial KLH1 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:44 (KLH2 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:45 (KLH2 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:46 (partial KLH2 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:47 (KLH2 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:48 (partial KLH2 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:63 (HtH1 domain a' + signal peptide),  
SEQ ID NO:64 (HtH1 domain h'),  
SEQ ID NO:65 (partial HtH2 domain a),  
SEQ ID NO:156 (complete HtH2 domain a),  
SEQ ID NO:66 (HtH2 domain b'),  
SEQ ID NO:67 (HtH2 domain d'),  
SEQ ID NO:68 (HtH2 domain e'),  
SEQ ID NO:69 (partial KLH1 domain b'),  
SEQ ID NO:70 (KLH1 domain e'),  
SEQ ID NO:71 (KLH1 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:72 (KLH1 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:73 (KLH1 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:74 (KLH2 domain b'),  
SEQ ID NO:75 (KLH2 domain c'),  
SEQ ID NO:76 (KLH2 domain d'),  
SEQ ID NO:77 (KLH2 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:78 (KLH2 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:79 (KLH2 domain g'),  
SEQ ID NO:158 (partial KLH2 domain h),

or a fragment of one of these sequences which has  
the immunological properties of at least one domain  
of a haemocyanin.

Preliminary Amendment -22-  
showing changes for  
\$ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

26. (Amended) Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide,  
obtainable by the process according to ~~one of claims 20~~  
~~to 23~~ or modifications thereof.

27. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to  
claim 22, characterized in that it comprises the  
sequences SEQ ID NO: 25 to 32 and is haemocyanin 1 from  
*Haliotis tuberculata*, it being possible for the sequence  
with SEQ ID NO:25 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:63 and/or  
SEQ ID NO:32 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:64.

28. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to  
claim 22, characterized in that it comprises either the  
sequences SEQ ID NO: 33 to 39 or the sequences SEQ ID  
NO:65, 66, 34-39 and is haemocyanin 2 from *Haliotis*  
*tuberculata*, it being possible in each case for SEQ ID  
NO:35 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:67 and/or SEQ ID NO:36  
to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:68.

29. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to  
claim 27, characterized in that it has an apparent  
molecular weight of 370 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing  
conditions.

30. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to  
claim 28, characterized in that it has an apparent  
molecular weight of 370 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing  
conditions.



Preliminary Amendment -23-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

31. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to claim 25, characterized in that the haemocyanin polypeptide comprises either the sequences SEQ ID NO: 40 to 43 or the sequences SEQ ID NO:40 to 43 and SEQ ID NO:71 to 73 and is KLH1 from *Megathura crenulata*, it being possible in each case for the sequence with SEQ ID NO:40 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:66 and/or SEQ ID NO:43 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:70.

32. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to claim 25, characterized in that the haemocyanin polypeptide comprises either the sequences SEQ ID NO: 44 to 48 or the sequences SEQ ID NO:44 to 46, 77, 78, 47, 48 and is KLH2 from *Megathura crenulata*, it being possible in each case for the sequence with SEQ ID NO:44 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:74, SEQ ID NO:45 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:75, SEQ ID NO:46 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:76 and/or SEQ ID NO:47 to be replaced by SEQ ID NO:79.

33. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to ~~one of claims 24 to 32~~, characterized in that it is bonded covalently to viruses, virus constituents, bacteria, bacteria constituents, DNA, DNA constituents, inorganic or organic molecules, such as e.g. carbohydrates, peptides and/or glycoproteins.

34. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to ~~one of claims 24 to 33~~, characterized in that the haemocyanin polypeptide is non-glycosylated.

Preliminary Amendment      -24-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

35. Recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to ~~one of claims 24 to 33~~, characterized in that the haemocyanin polypeptide is glycosylated.

~~36. Pharmaceutical composition, comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to one of claims 1 to 10 and/or a construct according to one of claims 11 to 16 and physiologically tolerated additives.~~

37. (Amended) Pharmaceutical composition according to claim ~~36~~50, characterized in that it is used for gene therapy treatment of tumours.

38. (Amended) Pharmaceutical composition, comprising a haemocyanin polypeptide according to ~~one of claims 24 to 35~~ and physiologically tolerated additives.

39. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 38, characterized in that it is used as an antiparasitic composition, antiviral composition or as an antitumour composition.

40. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 38, characterized in that it is used for treatment of one of the following diseases: schistosomiasis, high blood pressure, surface bladder carcinomas, epithelial carcinomas, ovarian carcinoma, mammary carcinoma, bronchial carcinoma and colorectal carcinoma.

41. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 38, characterized in that it is used as a vaccine.

Preliminary Amendment -25-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

42. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 38, characterized in that it is used for prevention of cocaine abuse.

43. (Amended) Use of a haemocyanin polypeptide according to ~~one of~~ claims 24 ~~to~~ 35 as a carrier substance for medicaments.

44. (Amended) Liposome, comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to ~~one of~~ claims 1 ~~to~~ 10, a construct comprising said nucleic acid molecule according to ~~one of~~ claims 11 ~~to~~ 16 and/or a haemocyanin polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence which is coded by one or more of said nucleic acid molecules. ~~according to one of claims 24 to 35.~~

45. Liposome according to claim 44, characterized in that the liposome furthermore comprises cell recognition molecules.

46. (Amended) Antibodies, obtainable by immunization of a test animal with the recombinant haemocyanin polypeptide according to ~~one of~~ claims 24 ~~to~~ 35.

47. (Amended) Screening method for identification of tumour-specific DNA in a cell, comprising:

- a) bringing cell DNA and/or cell protein into contact with a probe comprising the nucleic acid sequence according to ~~one of~~ claims 1 ~~to~~ 10 and/or the antibody obtainable by immunization of a test

animal with the recombinant haemogonic polypeptide  
comprising an amino acid sequence which is coded by  
one or more of said nucleic acid molecule according  
to claim 46 and

b) detecting the specific binding.

48. Screening method according to claim 47,  
characterized in that the tumour to be detected is a  
bladder carcinoma, epithelial carcinoma, ovarian  
carcinoma, mammary carcinoma, bronchial carcinoma or  
colorectal carcinoma.

49. Construct comprising a nucleic acid molecule  
comprising a nucleic acid sequence which codes for a  
haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain or a functional  
fragment thereof with the immunological properties of at  
least one domain of a haemocyanin, and comprising at  
least one intron sequence, the nucleic acid sequence  
being selected from:

(a) nucleic acid sequences which are selected  
from the group consisting of the DNA sequences shown  
below or the corresponding RNA sequences or which  
contain these:

SEQ ID NO:1 (Hth1 domain a + signal peptide),  
SEQ ID NO:2 (Hth1 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:3 (Hth1 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:4 (Hth1 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:5 (Hth1 domain e),

Preliminary Amendment      -27-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

SEQ ID NO:6 (HtH1 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:7 (HtH1 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO: 8 (HtH1 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:9 (partial HtH2 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:10 (HtH2 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:11 (HtH2 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:12 (HtH2 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:13 (HtH2 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:14 (HtH2 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:15 (HtH2 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:16 (partial KLH1 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:17 (KLH1 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:18 (KLH1 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:19 (partial KLH1 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:20 (KLH2 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:21 (KLH2 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:22 (partial KLH2 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:23 (KLH2 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:24 (partial KLH2 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:49 (HtH1 domain a' + signal peptide),  
SEQ ID NO:50 (partial HtH2 domain a),  
SEQ ID NO:51 (HtH2 domain b'),  
SEQ ID NO:52 (HtH2 domain d'),  
SEQ ID NO:53 (HtH2 domain e'),  
SEQ ID NO:54 (KLH1 domain e'),  
SEQ ID NO:55 (KLH1 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:56 (KLH1 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:57 (KLH2 domain b'),  
SEQ ID NO:58 (KLH2 domain c'),  
SEQ ID NO:59 (KLH2 domain d'),  
SEQ ID NO:60 (KLH2 domain e),

Preliminary Amendment -28-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

SEQ ID NO:61 (KLH2 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:62 (KLH2 domain g'),  
SEQ ID NO:80 (HtH1 domain a" + signal peptide),  
SEQ ID NO:81 (HtH1 domain b"),  
SEQ ID NO:82 (HtH1 domain c"),  
SEQ ID NO:83 (HtH1 domain d"),  
SEQ ID NO:84 (HtH1 domain e"),  
SEQ ID NO:85 (HtH1 domain f"),  
SEQ ID NO:86 (HtH1 domain g"),  
SEQ ID NO:87 (HtH1 domain h"),  
SEQ ID NO:88 (partial HtH2 domain a"),  
SEQ ID NO:89 (HtH2 domain b"),  
SEQ ID NO:90 (HtH2 domain c"),  
SEQ ID NO:91 (HtH2 domain d"),  
SEQ ID NO:92 (HtH2 domain e"),  
SEQ ID NO:93 (HtH2 domain f"),  
SEQ ID NO:94 (HtH2 domain g"),  
SEQ ID NO:95 (HtH2 domain h"),  
SEQ ID NO:96 (partial KLH1 domain b"),  
SEQ ID NO:97 (KLH1 domain c"),  
SEQ ID NO:98 (KLH1 domain d"),  
SEQ ID NO:99 (KLH1 domain e"),  
SEQ ID NO:100 (KLH1 domain f"),  
SEQ ID NO:101 (KLH1 domain g"),  
SEQ ID NO:102 (KLH2 domain b"),  
SEQ ID NO:103 (KLH2 domain c"),  
SEQ ID NO:104 (KLH2 domain d"),  
SEQ ID NO:105 (KLH2 domain e"),  
SEQ ID NO:106 (KLH2 domain f"),  
SEQ ID NO:107 (KLH2 domain g"),  
SEQ ID NO:108 (partial KLH2 domain h"),

SEQ ID NO:157 (complete Hth2 domain a);

(b) nucleic acid sequences which hybridize with the counter-strand of a nucleic acid sequence according to (a) and code for a polypeptide which has the immunological properties of at least one domain of a haemocyanin;

(c) nucleic acid sequences which on the basis of the genetic code are degenerated to the DNA sequences defined under (a) and (b) and code for a polypeptide which has the immunological properties of at least one domain of a haemocyanin;

(d) nucleic acid sequences which hybridize with one of the nucleic acid sequences described under (a) to (c) and the counter-strand of which codes for a polypeptide which has the immunological properties of at least one domain of a haemocyanin;

(e) nucleic acid sequences which are at least 60% homologous to one of the nucleic acid sequences described under (a);

(f) variants of the sequences described under (a) to (d), the variants containing additions, deletions, insertions or inversions with respect to the sequences described under (a) to (d) and coding for a polypeptide which has the immunological properties of at least one domain of haemocyanin;  
and

(g) combinations of several of the DNA sequences described under (a) to (f).

50. Pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence which codes for a haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain or a functional fragment thereof with the immunological properties of at least one domain of a haemocyanin, and comprising at least one intron sequence, the nucleic acid sequence being selected from:

(a) nucleic acid sequences which are selected from the group consisting of the DNA sequences shown below or the corresponding RNA sequences or which contain these:

SEQ ID NO:1 (HtH1 domain a + signal peptide),  
SEQ ID NO:2 (HtH1 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:3 (HtH1 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:4 (HtH1 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:5 (HtH1 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:6 (HtH1 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:7 (HtH1 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO: 8 (HtH1 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:9 (partial HtH2 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:10 (HtH2 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:11 (HtH2 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:12 (HtH2 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:13 (HtH2 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:14 (HtH2 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:15 (HtH2 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:16 (partial KLH1 domain b),



Preliminary Amendment        -31-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

SEQ ID NO:17 (KLH1 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:18 (KLH1 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:19 (partial KLH1 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:20 (KLH2 domain b),  
SEQ ID NO:21 (KLH2 domain c),  
SEQ ID NO:22 (partial KLH2 domain d),  
SEQ ID NO:23 (KLH2 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:24 (partial KLH2 domain h),  
SEQ ID NO:49 (HtH1 domain a' + signal peptide),  
SEQ ID NO:50 (partial HtH2 domain a),  
SEQ ID NO:51 (HtH2 domain b'),  
SEQ ID NO:52 (HtH2 domain d'),  
SEQ ID NO:53 (HtH2 domain e'),  
SEQ ID NO:54 (KLH1 domain e'),  
SEQ ID NO:55 (KLH1 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:56 (KLH1 domain g),  
SEQ ID NO:57 (KLH2 domain b'),  
SEQ ID NO:58 (KLH2 domain c'),  
SEQ ID NO:59 (KLH2 domain d'),  
SEQ ID NO:60 (KLH2 domain e),  
SEQ ID NO:61 (KLH2 domain f),  
SEQ ID NO:62 (KLH2 domain g'),  
SEQ ID NO:80 (HtH1 domain a" + signal peptide),  
SEQ ID NO:81 (HtH1 domain b"),  
SEQ ID NO:82 (HtH1 domain c"),  
SEQ ID NO:83 (HtH1 domain d"),  
SEQ ID NO:84 (HtH1 domain e"),  
SEQ ID NO:85 (HtH1 domain f"),  
SEQ ID NO:86 (HtH1 domain g"),  
SEQ ID NO:87 (HtH1 domain h"),  
SEQ ID NO:88 (partial HtH2 domain a"),

Preliminary Amendment -32-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

SEQ ID NO:89 (Hth2 domain b"),  
SEQ ID NO:90 (Hth2 domain c"),  
SEQ ID NO:91 (Hth2 domain d"),  
SEQ ID NO:92 (Hth2 domain e"),  
SEQ ID NO:93 (Hth2 domain f"),  
SEQ ID NO:94 (Hth2 domain g"),  
SEQ ID NO:95 (Hth2 domain h"),  
SEQ ID NO:96 (partial KLH1 domain b"),  
SEQ ID NO:97 (KLH1 domain c"),  
SEQ ID NO:98 (KLH1 domain d"),  
SEQ ID NO:99 (KLH1 domain e"),  
SEQ ID NO:100 (KLH1 domain f"),  
SEQ ID NO:101 (KLH1 domain g"),  
SEQ ID NO:102 (KLH2 domain b"),  
SEQ ID NO:103 (KLH2 domain c"),  
SEQ ID NO:104 (KLH2 domain d"),  
SEQ ID NO:105 (KLH2 domain e"),  
SEQ ID NO:106 (KLH2 domain f"),  
SEQ ID NO:107 (KLH2 domain g"),  
SEQ ID NO:108 (partial KLH2 domain h"),  
SEQ ID NO:157 (complete Hth2 domain a);

(b) nucleic acid sequences which hybridize with the counter-strand of a nucleic acid sequence according to (a) and code for a polypeptide which has the immunological properties of at least one domain of a haemocyanin;

(c) nucleic acid sequences which on the basis of the genetic code are degenerated to the DNA sequences defined under (a) and (b) and code for a

polypeptide which has the immunological properties  
of at least one domain of a haemocyanin;

(d)      nucleic acid sequences which hybridize with  
one of the nucleic acid sequences described under  
(a) to (c) and the counter-strand of which codes for  
a polypeptide which has the immunological properties  
of at least one domain of a haemocyanin;

(e)      nucleic acid sequences which are at least 60%  
homologous to one of the nucleic acid sequences  
described under (a);

(f)      variants of the sequences described under (a)  
to (d), the variants containing additions,  
deletions, insertions or inversions with respect to  
the sequences described under (a) to (d) and coding  
for a polypeptide which has the immunological  
properties of at least one domain of haemocyanin;  
and

(g)      combinations of several of the DNA sequences  
described under (a) to (f).

Abstract

~~Nucleic acid molecule comprising a  
nucleic acid sequence which codes for a haemocyanin,  
and comprising at least one intron sequence~~

The present invention relates to a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence which codes for a haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain or a fragment thereof with the immunological properties of at least one domain of haemocyanin, and comprising at least one intron sequence.

The invention furthermore relates to constructs which comprise the nucleic acid molecule and, where appropriate, a promoter suitable for expression control. In a preferred embodiment, the construct furthermore comprises a nucleic acid sequence which codes for an antigen. The invention moreover relates to host cells which contain these nucleic acid molecules and/or constructs. The invention furthermore relates to recombinant expression of the nucleic acid molecules and/or constructs in the host cells. The invention furthermore relates to haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain, a fragment with the immunological properties of at least one domain of haemocyanin and haemocyanin fusion proteins, which are coded by the nucleic acid molecules and/or constructs. The invention furthermore relates to pharmaceutical compositions which comprise the nucleic acid molecules and/or haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain, a fragment thereof or a fusion protein. The invention furthermore relates to liposomes

Preliminary Amendment      -35-  
showing changes for  
§ 371 Patent Application of PCT/EP00/08129  
Markl, et al.  
filed February 30, 2002

which comprise the nucleic acid molecules and/or  
haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain, a fragment thereof or  
a fusion protein. The invention further~~more~~ relates to |  
antibodies which are obtainable by immunization of a  
test animal with haemocyanin, a haemocyanin domain, a  
fragment thereof or a fusion protein, and the use  
thereof in screening methods for the identification of  
tumours.